by the Bell company.

This was announced following an

attempt to effect the revision of the

telephone ordinance, which at present

prohibits the amalgamation of the Il-

inois company with any other locally

cago will be at its mercy forever.

has it that the purchase of the or-

of overcoming competition and estab-

lishing a universal telephone system

Because of a clause in the ordinance

the company to any telephone co

mpossible without legislation to ef-

make competition inoperative" the

franchise would be forfeited. This

clause is eliminated in the proposed

amendment. Alderman Charles E. Merriam urged the committee to pro-

"In case the automatic company

disposes of its properties to the Chi-

cago Telephone company," he said

the latter concern probably will add

WARD BOUNDARIES.

1. Chicago river west and south to

Wallace, south to W. 25th, east to Princeton, south to W. 28th pl., east

to Wentworth ave., south to W. 31st,

east to Lake Shore right of way.

north to W. 26th, east to S. Michigan

ave., north to E. 25th, east to Indiana

ave., south to E. 26th, east to South

2. Lake Michigan and 31st st.

Lake Michigan, north to river.

in Chicago:

north to 31st.

igan, southeast to 47th.

to Wallace, north to river.

6. Lake Michigan and E. 47th st

west to South Park ave., south to E.

63rd, west to Stewart ave., south to

W. 66th, east to Harvard ave., south

8. Lake Michigan and E. 73rd st.

lake and northwest to E. 73rd.

to river.

northwest to 47th.

northwest to E. 60th.

and north to E. 75th.

north to Taylor.

north to W. 12th.

12. W. 12th and P., C., C. & St. L.

W. 19th, west to S. Homan ave., north

to Ogden ave., southwest to Clifton

S. Central Park ave., south to canal,

13. W. Washington blvd. and N.

seed with caution in taking action.

in this new move.

in Chicago.

An Independent Newspaper, Fearless and Truthful.

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504 TEUTONIC BUILDING. Telephones: Main 3913 - Auto. 31613.

dENRY F. DONOVAN, Editor and Publisher

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By Henry F. Donovan.



SATURDAY, JULY 26, 1913.

THE FONE FED PRESS.

The Fone Fed Press is overworking its editorial columns in behalf of telephone monopoly.

The large blocks of stock held by Fone Fed Publishers were obtained when the Phone Trust was young and poor and could afford to give away stock for the necessary publicity.

Now that Fone Trust stock pays eight per cent dividends the Fone Fed publishers want to make their shares still more valuable by abolishing Phone competition.

The Fone Fed press is now advising Aldermen to vote for Phone monop- ened to four years to oblige the oly and consolidation.

Next Spring the Phone Fed Press will advise the public to turn down its aldermanic serfs because they are the friends of corporations with itching palms and unquenchable appetites for the long green.

PUBLIC EFFICIENCY.

The Stockholders' Union has started a great hue and cry about public efficiency since the Democrats secured control of the public offices.

The main reason for this cry is the natural desire of the Stockholders' Union to distract attention from the public inefficiency of the public utility corporations in which they own stock, like traction and phone

In this they have the hearty support of the stock fed, but always hungry, Trust Press.

VOPICKA SHOULD WIN.

If fitness for the position is the qualification necessary for a United lic interests. States Minister to Roumania, then Charles J. Vopicka is eminently qualified for that or any similar diplomatic position.

education, temperament and natural taste he is a born diplomat. Nature made him a gentleman and President Wilson should make him a Minister.

EMBALMED JOB HOLDERS.

The Pfaelzer Public Utility Fone Trust. Press idea of job holders is, once on the payroll, always on the pay roll.

The Democratic American Citizen idea is that one man in this country has as much right to a public job as another, provided he can get it if he wants it and can discharge the duties

The fact that a man serves his party faithfully is no crime. If it was, Tom Jefferson, Andy Jackson, Abe Lincoln and others would never have been respected by the American people.

RAGLETS

Tom N. Donnelly, who is talked of on every hand for City Treasurer would be elected by the largest majority ever given to a candidate in Chicago. Tom's friends are everynature, generosity and charity are household words.

When is the city going to compel people to put numbers on their

houses?

the intervention of the mayor and chief of police of Granite City, Ill., near here, prevented the lynching of one of the Bell Telephone company's strike breakers

Fearing violence by the mob, the crews on four street cars refused at the mayor's solicitation to accept the strike-breaker as a passenger to St. Louis. He was taken for safety to the mayor's office in the city hall.

The Fone Fed Press favors fone

When the people get a crack at their "home rule" aldermen they will show them that the spirit of real home rule is still alive.

Aldermen believe that a "home rule" and phone rule are synonmous. The people do not.

Woman suffrage would be all right if it was exercised by women devoted its police power to regulate the estab-

James S. Hopkins, the well known lawyer, talked ot for the Circuit bench, would make an excellent Probate Judge to succeed Judge Cutting.

After licking their chops at the Phone banquet, Chicago aldermen hate to lose good picking.

John C. Paul the well known North Side Democrat will probably be nominated by his party for member of the Board of Review next year, according to current gossip.

It is reported that Congressman Mc-Andrews will not be a candidate for

Andrew J. Ryan, the well-known lawyer and former city attorney, stands high in the estimation of all Chicagoans both as a lawyer and as a

William A. Doyle is being favorably discussed by lawyers and Democratic leaders for a position on the Zederal bench. He was a warm supporter of President Wilson's candidacy long before the National Convention met.

Peter Reinberg has sold to H. P. Kransz, builder, a tract of about three and one quarter acres at the southeast corner of St. Louis and Balmoral avenues, a consideration of \$10 being given. Mr. Kransz states that with the completion of the Kedzie avenue street car extension he probably will resubdivide the property and place it upon the market.

Both as a lawyer and a citizen James S. Hopkins is liked and respected by all who know him

Whether it is utility "home rule" or not, Chicago people are bound to have phone rule.

Cook county never had a better County Judge than John E. Owens. He is honest, conscientious and fear-

The city should build bridges over the river at La Salle and Franklin streets. They are badly needed.

Aldermanic terms are to be length-Phone Trust.

Judge Edward Osgood Brown has by his grand record on the Appellate bench won the confidence and highest esteem of the people of Chicago.

Chicago pays five times as much for telephone service as do the people of 100 other cities.

John J. Coburn would make an able and fearless District Attorney for Northern Illinois.

Three out or every four autos violate the tail light and number law.

Judge John R. Caverly has the pubviews he expresses from the bench It does not hurt a judge to show humanity to the downtrodden.

Chicago is tired of the "home rule' which fosters graft and neglects pub-

The feeling is growing in Chicago that local government should be lim-

ited to the Police Department, Fire Department,

Health Department, Building Department, Public Works Department.

Special Assessment Department and iepartment of assessing and collecting taxes.

Mayor Harrison is personally honest, but no one man can change local conditions. The local administration and regulation of public utilities has proven

to be a gigantic failure. It has resulted in the growth of some curious systems of graft apparently devoted to forcing aldermen and others to favor all schemes fostered

by or upheld by so-called "reformers" devoted to Municipal Voters' League graft, Legislature Voters' League graft, Daily Newspaper graft and the pe culiar forms of real or imaginary

graft, that have attended the careers of most of our out-on-ball or fugitivesfrom-justice reform organizations.

Most of the people of Chicago may be the fools that the professional reformers take them to be. But no community of two and one

half milions of people can long be where, among all classes and his good played for chumps as Chicagoans have been without a revolution of near the lake.

some sort setting in. Chicago gets very little out of its

public utilities. When the reformers and daily news papers get through regulating them, there is very little left for the peo-

The only safe way out of this dangerous situation is state control of everything except the absolute necessities for local government.

A stringent State law is needed to regulate the establishment of banks. There are too many wild-cat financial

schemes now in existence in Chicago. Not wishing to compete with the big banks, irresponsible people are starting up small banks in the outlying districts of Chicago, from time to time. This practice has had disastrous results upon the business and financial interests of the entire city. Many hundred small business men and traders have been ruined by this class of institu-

This nefarious practice should stopped and the only way to stop it is

by municipal legislation. A provision ought to be made in the city charter authorizing the city under to home and family. But it will be lishment of banks and creating in exercised by "club women," a class pursuance of this work a board for

The Chicago Eagle that is more responsible for hard times and suicides than anything that we know of. the examination of all proposed new banking concerns. Such a board should be given ample power to examine into the financial standing of the promoters of these institutions, and none should be allowed to be licensed unless such as could show assets ample for the carrying on of their business. sufficient to cover the amount of their deposits, and sound and substantial enough to thoroughly protect their depositors.

There can be no question as to the right and the justice of the city to exercise such power under a properly constructed charter provision. If the city has the right to regulate plumbers, to regulate engineers, to regulate the electrical business, to regulate pawn-brokers and the scores of other busi-ness enterprises and industries over which it exercises unquestioned super-vising powers, it certainly has a per-fect right to regulate the banking busi-ness, which is of far more importance than anything in the line of business in the city, because upon the legitimate and honest business methods of these institutions depends the welfare of the entire city in its business and commer-cial life, while methods of a contrary kind indulged in by small, irrespo speculative concerns only results in failures that involve injuriously the interests of the entire community. How often have we seen it that the failure of one of these little banks, started upon insecure and irresponsible foundstions, and boomed by fraudulent and false representations, have dragged down to ruin hundreds of good, hardworking, thrifty and deserving citizens.

. The licenses issued by the examin-ing board, which, of course, should be composed of responsible citisens and able financiers, should be of a character that would be absolutely prohibitive of all schemes and projects for the establishment of phony concerns of this

This would be welcomed by all sound and responsible banking whether private or national.

Chicago is full of attractions for visitors, outside of its 810 theaters and hundreds of car routes. Among the principal features the following are worth looking at:

North Division Water Tower, Chicago avenue water works.

Academy of Sciences museum, Lincoln Park. Cemeteries - Graceland, Rosehill, Calvary, St. Boniface. Grant, Lincoln, Schiller, Goethe and

other monuments, Lincoln Park. Historical Society, Dearborn avenue and Ontario street. Lake Shore Drive, Gansbergen Boul-

evard. Lincoln Park conservatories and Newberry Library, Clark street and Walton place.
DePaul University, Webster and

Sheffield avenues. Marine Hospital, Clarendon and Graceland avenues. Soldiers' monuments in St. Boniface, Rosehill, Calvary and Graceland

Indian trail tree, Glencoe. South Division. Continental and Commercial Bank building, La Salle, Adams, S. Wells and Quincy streets. Court House and City Hall, Clark.

La Salle, Randolph and Washington | 39th, east to Cottage Grove ave., Art Institute, on the lake front, foot of Adams street.

Auditorium tower, Wabash avenue and Congress street; view of city. Blackstone branch library, Lake avenue and 49th street.

Board of Trade, La Salle street and Jackson boulevard; admission to gal-Cahokia courthouse on Wooded is

land in Jackson Park. Caravels in Jackson Park. Chicago Normal School, 68th street

and Stewart avenue. woods Cemetery.

Crerar Library, 87 Wabash avenue, sixth floor. Douglas monument, 35th street and

Ellis avenue. Field Museum, in Jackson Park. Federal Building, Adams and Clark

streets. Fort Dearborn site tablet, 1 River treet, opposite Rush street bridge. Grand Army hall, public library building, Randolph street and Michigan avenue.

Iroquois theater fire, scene of, 79-83 Randolph street. Jackson Park, World's Fair, 1893.

Life Saving Station, at mouth of river. Lincoln wigwam tablet, Market and

Lake streets. Logan statue in Grant Park (lake front). Marquette Building sculpture pan-

els, Dearborn and Adams streets. Marquette-Joliet cross, Robey street and drainage canal.

Masonic Temple; view of city from Massacre monument in 18th street

McKinley statue in McKinley Park. Public Library, Michigan avenue and Washington street.

South Water street; commission house district. State street department stores shopping district. Stockyards, Halsted and Root sts.

University of Chicago, Midway plaisance. Washington statue, Grand boulevard and 51st street.

Wooded Island in Jackson Park. West Division. Douglas Park.

Drainage canal. Ghetto district on South Canal, Jefferson and Maxwell streets; fish market on Jefferson street from 12th to

and Desplaines street, scene of anarchist riot. Hull House, 335 South Halsted st. Humboldt Park.

Jefferson street north of Randolph

Humboldt, Lief Ericson, Reuter and Kosciusko monuments in Humboldt Park. Parental school, St. Louis and Berwyn avenues.

Police monument (Haymarket), in Union Park. Fire tablet (1871), 137 DeKoven

the throat of Chicago by wiping out competition.

The Bell Telephone Trust is going 14. W. Chicago ave. and N. Ashto strengthen its strangle hold upon land ave., west to N. 40th ave., south to W. Washington blvd., east to N. Ashland blvd., north to W. Chicago A merger of the two companies into

one operating system is contemplated, and if realized will mean the end of west to N. St. Louis ave., south to two separate lines within the city. W. Chicago ave., east to N. Ashland The combine, it is declared, will mean ave., north to W. Division, west to N the abolition of the automatic system Robey, north to W. North ave. and the taking over of its subscribers

16. River and Fullerton ave., west to N. Robey, south to W. Division, east to river, northwest to Fullerton

17. River and W. Division, west to N. Ashland ave., south to W. Kinzie, east to river, northwest to W. Divi-

It has the aid of several aldermen 18. River and W. Kinzie, west to Should the Trust be successful Chi-N. Ashland ave., south to W. Wash-ington bivd., west to N. Oakley bivd., Owing to the belief that the instrusouth to Taylor, east to S. Hermitage ments and plant operated by the auave., north to W. Van Buren, east to tomatic company could not be used river, north to W. Kinsle. by the purchasing company, rumor

19. River and W. Van Buren st. west to S. Hermitage ave., south to Taylor, east to Loomis, south to W. 12th, east to S. Halsted, north to Taylor, east to S. Desplaines, south to DeKoven, east to S. Jefferson, south to Bunker, east to river, north to W. passed in 1899, prohibiting the sale of Van Buren.

20. River and Bunker, west to 8 poration operating in the city, it is Jefferson, north to DeKoven, west to S. Desplaines, north to Taylor, west to S. Halsted, south to W. 12th, west The step to overcome this obstacle to S. Center ave., south to W. 16th was taken when an amendment to the east to S. Morgan, south to W. 18th present ordinance was presented to the gas, oil and electric light commitwest to S. Morgan, south to W. 18th, west to S. Morgan, south to river, tee of the city council. The ordinance northeast to Bunker. provides that if the company makes

21. Lake Michigan and Fullerton any agreement "which would tend to ave., west to N. Clark, southeast to Sedgwick, south to W. Division, east to Orleans, south to river, east to lake and north to Fullerton ave. 22. Menomonee and Sedgwick, west to Larrabee, north to Center, west to Racine ave., south to Clybourn pl., west to river, south and southeast to Orleans, north to W. Di-

to its capitalisation \$5,000,000 or \$6,-23. Cornelia ave. and Lake Mich-000,000, which amount would repre-sent the purchase price." igan, west to Southport ave., south to Roscoe, east to Racine ave., south to Fullerton ave., east to Sheffeld ave., south to Center, east to Larrabee, south to Menomonee, east to Sedgwick, north to N. Clark, northwest to Fullerton ave., east to Lake Mich-Following are the ward boundaries

vision, west to Sedgwick, north to

igan. 24. Roscoe and Racine aves., west to N. Western ave., south to Belmont ave., west to river, southeast to Clyto S. 5th ave., south to W. 30th, east | burn pl., east to Racine ave., north to Center, east to Sheffield ave., north to Fullerton ave., west to Racine ave. north to Roscoe.

25. Lake Michigan and Rogers ave., southwest to Howard, west to Park ave., south to E. 31st, east to Ridge road, southeast to Devon ave. east to N. Clark, southeast to Southport ave., south to Cornelia ave., east to Lake Michigan, northwest to Rogwest to South Park ave., north to E. ers ave. 26th, west to Indiana ave., north to 26. Ridge road and Howard, west E. 25th, west to S. Michigan ave., south to E. 26th, west to Lake Shore to N. Kedzie ave., south to Devon

ave., west to north shore channel. right of way, south to W. 31st, west to Wentworth ave., north to W. 30th, mont ave., east to N. Western ave., west to S. 5th ave., south to W. 33rd, north to Roscoe, east to Southport west to Stewart ave., south to W. ave., north to N. Clark, northwest to 39th, east to Cottage Grove ave., Devon, west to Ridge road, northwest north to 38th, east to Lake Michigan. to Howard. 27. North shore channel and De 3. Lake Michigan and 47th, west von ave., west to N. 64th ave., thence to St. Lawrence ave., south to E. 49th, along city limits as established by west to S. State, north to W. 43rd, annexation of Norwood Park to Park west to Princeton ave., north to W. Ridge blvd. on north and Highland

ave. on west, east and south to Bryn to Irving Park blvd., west to N. 72nd 4. Wallace and river, west and ave., south to Belmont ave., east to south to W. 34th pl., east to S. Hal- N. 40th ave., south to Fullerton ave. sted, north to W. 34th, east to Union | east to N. Central Park ave., north ave., south to W. 35th, east to Walto Diversey ave., east to N. Franlace, north to W. 33rd, east to S. 5th cisco, north to Belmont ave., east to ave., north to W. 28th pl., west to river, northwest along river and chan-Princeton ave., north to W. 25th, west | nel to Devon ave.

28. River and Belmont ave., west 5. From intersection of river and to N. Francisco, south to Diversey south fork southeast along canal to ave., west to N. Sacramento ave. W. 39th, west to S. 48th ave., south south to W. North ave., east to N. to W. 45th, east to S. Ashland ave., Robey, north to Fullerton ave., east north to W. 43rd, east to Princeton to river, northwest to Belmont ave. ave, north to W. 39th, west to Stew-29. S. Center ave. and W. 43rd.

art ave., north to W. 33rd, west to west to S. Ashland ave., south to W. 45th, west to S. 48th ave., south to Wallace, south to W. 35th, "est to S. Halsted, south to W. 34th, west to W. 71st, east to Loomis, north to W. 66th, west to S. Wood, north to W. ple. The office holders would have south fork of river and northwesterly Garfield blvd., east to Loomis, north to W. 47th, east to S. Center ave.,

west to St. Lawrence ave. south to E. 30. S. State and W. 43rd, west to 49th, west to S. State, south to E. S. Center ave., south to W. 47th, west 63rd, east to South Park ave., north to Loomis, south to W. Garfield blvd., to E. 60th, east to Lake Michigan, east to S. State, north to W. 43rd. 7. Lake Michigan and E. 60th st.

31. S. State and W. Garfield blvd. west to S. Wood, south to W. 66th, east to Loomis, north to W. 63rd, east to S. State, north to W. Garfield Park blvd.

to W. 67th, east to Wentworth ave., 32. Stewart ave. and W. 63rd, west south to W. 71st, east to S. State, to Loomis, south to W. 71st, west to south to E. 75th, east to Stony Island Robey, north to W. 69th, west to ave., north to E. 73rd, east to lake, 48th ave., south to W. 87th, east to S. Western ave., south to W. 99th, west to Ogden ave. (Morgan Park). west to Stony Island ave., south south to W. 115th, east to S. Western through Lake Calumet to city limits. ave., south to Lyon ave., east to Vineast to Indiana state line, north to cennes ave., northeast to Raymond, east to S. Morgan, north to W. 111th, 9. Stony Island ave. and E. 75th west to S. Center ave., north to W. west to S. State, south to W. 79th, 107th, east to S. Halsted, north to W. west to Wallace, south to W. 84th. 103rd, east to Stewart ave., north to W. 84th, west to Wallace, north to east to Stewart ave., south to W. 103rd, west to S. Halsted, south to W. 79th, east to S. State, north to W. W. 111th, west to S. Peoria, south to 71st, west to Wentworth ave., north W. 115th, west to Vincennes ave., to W. 67th, west to Harvard ave., southwest to Lyon ave., east to S. north to W. 66th, west to Stewart Ashland ave., south to W. 123rd, east ave., north to W. 63rd.

to S. Halsted, south to city limits. 33. Diversey and N. Sacramento east to Stony Island ave., projected, aves., west to N. Central Park ave., south to Fullerton ave., west to N. 10. S. Center ave. and W. 12th, 40th ave., north to Belmont ave., west west to Loomis, north to Taylor, west to N. 72nd ave., south to North ave., to S. Wood, south to W. 16th, east to east to S. Austin ave., south to Madison, east to N. 52nd ave., north to S. Ashland ave., south to river, north-W. Kinzie, east to N. 46th ave., north east to S. Morgan, north to W. 18th, east to S. Morgan, north to W. 16th, to North ave., east to N. 40th ave., north to Armitage ave., east to Sacwest to S. Center ave., north to W ramento ave., north to Diversey ave. 34. S. Kedzie and W. 12th, west 11. S. Wood and Taylor, west to S. Oakley blvd., south to W. 12th. to S. 46th ave., south to W. 39th, east west to P., C., C. & St. L. R. R., south to canal, northeast to S. Central Park to canal, northeast to S. Ashland ave.. ave., north to 24th, east to Clifton north to W. 16th, west to S. Wood, Park ave., north to Ogden ave., northeast to S. Homan ave., south to W.

R. R., west to S. Kedzie ave., south to 12th. 35. N. Sacramento ave. and Armi tage ave., west to N. 40th ave., south Park ave., south to W. 24th, west to to W. North ave., west to N. 46th ave., south to W. Kinzie, west to N. 52nd ave., south to Madison, west to northeast to P., C., C. & St. L. R. R., S. Austin ave., south to W. 12th, east to S. 40th ave., north to W. Chicago Oakley blvd., west to N. 40th ave., ave., east to St. Louis ave., north to south to W. 12th, east to S. Oakley W. North ave., east to Sacramento blvd., north to W. Washington blvd. | ave., north to Armitage ave.

19th, east to S. Kedzie, north to W.

SANITARY BOARD

Work the Trustees of the Sanitary District of Chicago Are Doing for the People.

Sanitary District of Chicago. President, Thomas A. Smyth. Clerk, John McGillen. Treasurer, John A. McCormick. Trustees: Thomas A. Smyth, James M. Dailey, Edward Kane, Paul A. Hazard, Fred D. Breit, Thomas M. Sullivan, George W. Paullin, Wallace G. Clark.

Facts about the Sanitary District and drainage canal: The main and water power chan-

nel is 40 miles long. Length of river, lake to Robey street, 6 miles. Length river diversion channel, 13

Width main channel, Robey street to Summit: Bottom, 110 feet; top, 198. Width main channel, Summit to

Bottom, 202 feet; top, 290. Width main channel, Willow Springs to Lockport (rock section): Bottom,

Willow Springs:

160 feet; top, 162. Width river diversion channel: Bottom. 200 feet. Minimum depth of water in main

channel, 22 feet. Current in earth sections, 1 1-4 miles per hour. Current in rock sections, 1.9 miles

per hour. Present capacity of canal, 300,000 cubic feet per minute. Total amount of excavation, 42,229, 635 cubic yards.

The north shore channel, extending

from Lawrence avenue to Lake Michigan, in the village of Wilmette, is about 8 miles long with a water depth of 13.6 feet. Construction of the Sag canal to drain the Calumet region was begun

in the summer of 1911.

when work is finished. The Sanitary District is pushing work on the by pass on the west side of the river at Jackson street and it will look like a new river

Sag channel will be 22 miles long

when the work is done. The sanitary district of Chicago, which is doing so much for the people and the city, has a big task before it in the providing of docking facilities. If lake shipping is to be revived, water terminal facilities must be greatly improved at the principal lake ports. Chicago, which ought to lead all the lake ports in the quality of its terminal facilities, is one of the most backward. The United States Steel Corporation finds it advantageous to use water routes extensively, and to that end it makes excellent provision for the loading and unloading of the commodity in which it is especially interested-iron ore. The public a large should see to it that equally good facilities are provided for the

handling of packing freight. Chicago should hasten the work of dock development that is intended to prepare the way for the revival of water commerce at this port.

Better elevated service for North Siders is needed.

Elections do not occur frequently enough. The "sure thing" reform or ganizations would like to abolish elec-Union ave., north to W. 34th, west to W. 69th, east to S. Robey, south to tions, but if there was one every month it would be better for the pec more respect for them.

> The tendency among office holders to ask for laws lengthening their terms of office is working up a strong

feeling among the people for a recall law. When there is a recall law in operation the terms of the incum-bents can be regulated to suit the popular taste.

The people of the State of Illinois have decided to control their public utilities themselves. This takes away the stock in trade of the able utility tradesmen connected with Municipal, Legislative and other leagues."

The occupation of the M. V. L. is gone. The State Utilities law has taken it away.

The hardest kickers against state regulation of utilities outside of proessional reformers, who have lost their jobs, are aldermen, telephone and traction companies. The people are happy however and are anxious for more state control.

Under the non-partisanship scheme nice little mutual admiration society could fill all the offices.

Following is a directory of the government offices in the Federal Build-Bureau of Labor, room 851.

Custom house, south wing, fourth Hydrographic office, room 528. Inspectors of steam vessels, room

Internal Revenue Department, east wing, fourth floor. Life Saving Service, room 500, Lighthouse Department, room 501. Naval office, room 451.

Pension Agency, room 706. Reclamation Service, rooms 776-779. United States District Attorney, rooms 825 to 833. United States Engineer, room 508.

United States Marshal, rooms 804 United States Subtreasury, first floor, northwest section. Weather Bureau, fourteenth floor

County Institutions around Chi County Building-Clark street, be ween Washington and Randolph,

Jail-Dearborn avenue and Illinois

street; north side. Criminal Court Building-Michigan street and Dearborn avenue; north Children's Hospital-Wood street, near Polk; west side. County Hospital — Harrison and Honore streets; west side.

County Infirmary — Oak Forest; reached by the Rock Island railroad. Morgue-Wood and Polk streets:

streets; west side. County Agent-213 South Peoria street, west side. Insane Asylum and Tuberculor Hospital—At Dunning; west side; reached by Milwaukee avenue cars

and the Chicago, Milwaukee & St Paul railway. Juvenile Court-771 Ewing street west side.

Home for Delinquent and Depend ent Children-771 Ewing street. Federal officials in Chicago get the following annual pay: District attorney\$10,000 Postmaster 8,000 Collector of customs 7,000 Treasurer Marshal Naval officer Internal revenue collector Pension agent United States engineer 3,500

Appraiser

Prof. of meteorology (weather)



JOSEPH E. BIDWILL, JR. Rising Young Chicagoan Whose Friends Are Legion.